



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

(FORM 51-102F1)

NINE MONTH INTERIM PERIOD ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2006

JANUARY 4, 2007

STIKINE GOLD CORPORATION
Management's Discussion and Analysis
Nine Months Ended November 30, 2006
Dated as of January 4, 2007

This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the unaudited interim financial statements and related notes thereto for the nine months ended November 30, 2006 and 2005, which have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles. The reader should also refer to the annual audited financial statements for the years ended February 28, 2006 and 2005 and the Management's Discussion and Analysis for those years. All amounts in the financial statements and this discussion and analysis are expressed in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

Forward-Looking Information

This management discussion and analysis ("MD&A") contains certain forward-looking statements and information relating to Stikine Gold Corporation (the "Company") that are based on the beliefs of its management as well as assumptions made by and information currently available to the Company. When used in this document, the words "anticipate", "believe", "estimate", "expect" and similar expressions, as they relate to the Company or its management, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. This MD&A contains forward-looking statements relating to, amongst other things, regulatory compliance, the sufficiency of current working capital, the estimated cost and availability of funding for the continued exploration of the Company's properties. Such statements reflect the current views of the Company with respect to future events and are subject to certain risks, uncertainties, and assumptions. Many factors could cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements that may be expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements.

Description of Business and Overview of Operations and Financial Condition

The Company is engaged in exploration for mineral resources with its current primary focus being the Sullivan Deeps Project, a deep diamond-drilling program searching for economic quantities of base and precious metals near Kimberley, British Columbia.

During the nine months ended November 30, 2006, the Company incurred a loss of \$220,763 and incurred exploration and acquisition costs of \$1,198,751. At November 30, 2006 the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$465,530 and working capital of \$397,939. Funds on hand, combined with funds raised subsequent to November 30, 2006, are sufficient for administrative functions and planned exploration work over the next few months (see also *Subsequent Events*).

STIKINE GOLD CORPORATION
Management's Discussion and Analysis
Nine Months Ended November 30, 2006
Dated as of January 4, 2007

Selected Annual Financial Results

	Year Ended February 28, 2006	Year Ended February 28, 2005	Year Ended February 29, 2004
Total revenues	Nil	Nil	Nil
Net income (loss)	(786,819) ¹	(340,234)	(1,468,896) ²
Net income (loss) per share	(0.03)	(0.02)	(0.15)
Total assets	2,947,217	2,707,338	1,930,875
Total long term debt	Nil	Nil	Nil

Note 1: The loss for the year-ended February 29, 2006 includes a write-off of \$358,226 in resource property costs.

Note 2: The loss for the year-ended February 29, 2004 includes a write-off of \$875,774 in resource property costs.

Results of Operations

Sullivan Deeps Project Exploration

By assignment agreement dated October 2, 2003, the Company acquired the right to earn, from Teck Cominco Metals Ltd. ("Teck Cominco", a subsidiary of Teck Cominco Limited), a 50% interest in certain properties located near Kimberley, British Columbia, known as the Sullivan Deeps Project. As consideration for the assignment of the option, the Company reimbursed Mariner Ventures Corporation, a related company, for its net acquisition costs totalling \$51,143.

To earn its 50% interest in the property, the Company is required to complete the following:

	Share Issuances	Expenditures
Upon exchange approval (issued)	100,000	\$ -
On or before January 31, 2005 (incurred)	-	1,500,000
On or before August 31, 2007	-	2,500,000
	<u>100,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,000,000</u>

Upon completion of the earn-in stage, Teck Cominco will have 90 days to elect to become operator and form a joint venture with the Company, or the Company will have the right to earn an additional 20% interest by funding a further \$4 million in exploration expenditures. Teck Cominco will then have the right to participate at the 30% level or to convert to a 1.5% net smelter return, reducible to 1% upon payment of \$2.5 million by the Company.

In October of 2006, Hy-Tech Drilling Ltd. of Smithers, B.C. mobilized a diamond drill, equipment and crew to the Sullivan Deeps Project and commenced drilling "SD3". By December, SD3 had reached a depth of 1,179 metres (3,868 feet) and had intersected the expected sequence of marker horizons and geologic units at anticipated depths, the most recent being the "Mark" marker at a depth of 1,080 metres.

Additional time and effort was spent in November and December in an attempt to deal with an obstruction in the drill hole. To solve the problem, Hy-tech eventually cut the rods at 1,050 metres, placed a plug and cemented above the obstruction.

STIKINE GOLD CORPORATION
Management's Discussion and Analysis
Nine Months Ended November 30, 2006
Dated as of January 4, 2007

At November 30, 2006, the Company had recorded expenditures of \$3,344,736 in connection with the Sullivan Deeps Project including \$115,892 in acquisition costs and the balance deferred exploration costs.

Catalan Copper Property

In February 2006, the Company acquired the right to earn a 100% interest in the Catalan Copper property, with claims adjacent to the Gibraltar copper molybdenum mine near Williams Lake, in south-central British Columbia. The Catalan Copper Property is subject to a 1% Net Smelter Return held by the vendor upon commencement of commercial production. The core mineral claims comprise an area of 3,110 hectares and are located on the eastern boundary of the Gibraltar mine claims. Exploration work in 1970 identified copper-in-soil geochemical anomalies that had no subsequent follow-up work until September, 2005, when a six-line 7,400-metre (24,280-foot) induced polarization (IP) and ground magnetic survey was completed to test specific copper-soil anomalies. That program successfully identified porphyry deposit-scale chargeability and magnetic anomalies, both coincident with the historical copper soil anomalies. Porphyry-copper/molybdenum-style mineralization has also been discovered in float boulders on the property.

In order to vest its interest in Catalan Copper, the Company must pay a total of C\$160,000 to the vendor as summarized below:

	<u>Cash Payment</u>
Upon signing (paid)	\$ 25,000
On or before August 15, 2006 (paid)	25,000
On or before February 15, 2007	<u>110,000</u>
	<u>\$ 160,000</u>

At its option, the Company must also complete a diamond drilling program of at least 500 metres before February 15, 2007 to maintain its option in good standing. At the date of this report, preparations are underway to mobilize a rig to the property and begin an initial diamond drilling program.

Huskie Uranium Property Acquisition

In May 2006, the Company purchased a 100% interest in the "Huskie Uranium Property", in Northern Saskatchewan. In order to acquire the 100% interest, the Company issued 1,225,000 common shares with a value of \$441,000 to the vendor on May 16, 2006. The property is subject to a 2.5 percent net smelter return held by the vendor upon commencement of commercial production that is reducible to 1 percent by paying \$3-million at any time before or after the commencement of commercial production. During the first quarter ended May 31, 2006, the Company staked additional land and the Huskie Uranium Property now comprises a total area of over 38,000 hectares, favorably located approximately 100 kilometres west of the Key Lake mine and 22 kilometres south of Cameco's Virgin River project. The project area

STIKINE GOLD CORPORATION
Management's Discussion and Analysis
Nine Months Ended November 30, 2006
Dated as of January 4, 2007

straddles the important Athabasca basin unconformity and has geological similarities to both the Key Lake and Virgin River settings.

Exploration work in the area dates to the 1960s and has identified clastic sediments of the Athabasca Group north of the unconformity, and moraine material covers much of the unconformity. That cover of surficial material has limited any detailed exploration at the property to date. Importantly, two large-scale fault systems are recognized on the property, including a series of northeast-trending faults and a set of northwest-trending faults. Both structural domains are considered potential controls for uranium mineralization and proximity to the unconformity suggests relatively shallow target depths. Silt and lake sediments, float and boulders sampled to date on the property indicate anomalously radioactive, hematized, quartz-pebble conglomerate, believed to be from the moraine-covered unconformity on the claims.

The Company's geological team is now preparing a preliminary prospecting, geochemical sampling and airborne geophysical program for the coming months and details of that initial field program will be announced when available.

Operating Expenses and Loss

During the nine months ended November 30, 2006, the Company incurred a loss of \$220,763 and incurred exploration and acquisition costs of \$1,198,751 compared to a loss of \$397,156 and exploration expenditures of \$547,192 for the comparable period ended November 30, 2005. The loss has decreased significantly largely due to lower stock-based compensation expense in the current year. Resource expenditures have increased significantly in 2006, due to the Company's acquisition of the Huskie Uranium Project for \$481,176.

During the three months ended November 30, 2006, the company incurred a loss of \$57,805 compared to a loss of \$107,800 in the prior quarter and income of \$21,805 during the three months ended November 30, 2005. The fluctuations in loss between comparable periods are generally related to stock-based compensation expense. During the third quarter of 2005, the Company recorded a tax-credit on an abandoned property which resulted in the income for that period. On a cash-basis, the Company's general and administrative overhead remains fairly consistent over time.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At November 30, 2006 the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$465,530 and working capital of \$397,939. Funds on hand, combined with funds raised subsequent to November 30, 2006, are sufficient for administrative functions and planned exploration work over the next few months (see also *Subsequent Events*).

STIKINE GOLD CORPORATION
Management's Discussion and Analysis
Nine Months Ended November 30, 2006
Dated as of January 4, 2007

Summary of Quarterly Results

	Nov. 30, 2006	Aug. 31, 2006	May 31, 2006	Feb. 28, 2006
Total revenues	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Net income (loss)	(57,805)	(107,800)	(55,158)	(389,663) ¹
Net income (loss) per share	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Total assets	4,409,222	4,421,217	3,490,626	2,947,217
Total long term debt	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
	Nov. 30, 2005	Aug. 31, 2005	May 31, 2005	Feb. 28, 2005
Total revenues	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Net income (loss)	21,805 ²	(80,796)	(338,165) ³	(57,581)
Net income (loss) per share	0.01	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Total assets	3,431,232	3,472,578	3,521,755	2,707,338
Total long term debt	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

Notes:

- 1) The loss for the quarter ended February 28, 2006 includes a write-off of \$358,226 in resource property costs.
- 2) Significant interest revenues and tax credits on an abandoned property were recognized during the quarter ended November 30, 2005.
- 3) The loss for the quarter ended May 31, 2005 includes non-cash, stock-based-compensation expense of \$265,570.

Related Party Transactions

Each of Scott Broughton, David Skerlec, John Mirko, and John Baker either directly or through a wholly owned company, provides consulting or contract services to the Company pursuant to a consulting agreement. Mr. Broughton charges a per diem rate of \$400, and Messrs. Skerlec, Mirko and Baker charge per diem rates of \$350. During the nine months ended November 30, 2006, consulting fees of \$17,000 (2005 - \$20,200) were paid or accrued to the President and CEO. Services provided include general corporate, exploration and acquisition strategy, planning and management, contract negotiations, and investment presentations. During the nine months ended November 30, 2006, consulting fees of \$23,100 (2005 - \$25,900) were paid or accrued to the CFO and Secretary. Services provided include corporate finance initiatives, fund raising, contract negotiations, accounting, office and general management. During the nine months ended November 30, 2006, per-diem contract fees of \$7,000 (2005 - \$12,881) were paid or accrued to a director or a company controlled by a director and no consulting fees (2005 - \$350) were paid or accrued to another director. During the nine months ended November 30, 2006, rent, operating and sundry costs of \$10,617 (2005 - Nil) were paid or accrued to a company with common management to the Company. As at November 30, 2006, current liabilities include \$3,000 payable to related parties (2005 - \$54,609). These amounts were incurred in the ordinary course of business, are non-interest bearing, and without specific repayment terms.

STIKINE GOLD CORPORATION
Management's Discussion and Analysis
Nine Months Ended November 30, 2006
Dated as of January 4, 2007

Risks and Uncertainties

The Company's financial success will be dependent upon the extent to which it can discover mineralization or acquire mineral properties and the economic viability of developing its properties. The Company competes with many companies possessing greater financial resources and technical facilities than itself. The market price of minerals and/or metals is volatile and cannot be controlled. There is no assurance that the Company's mineral exploration and development activities will be successful. The development of mineral resources involves many risks in which even a combination of experience, knowledge and careful evaluation may not be able to overcome. All of the Company's short to medium term operating and exploration cash flow must be derived from external financing. Actual funding may vary from what is planned due to a number of factors including the progress of exploration and development on its current properties. Should changes in equity market conditions prevent the Company from obtaining additional external financing, the Company will need to review its exploration property holdings to prioritize project expenditures based on funding availability.

Outstanding Share Data

	Number	Amount
Authorized:		
Unlimited common shares without par value		
Balance as at February 28, 2005	23,899,417	\$ 4,044,180
Issued and fully paid		
Private Placement – April 2005	2,000,000	900,000
Exercise of Warrants at \$0.25	416,000	104,000
Exercise of Agent Warrants at \$0.25	105,500	26,375
Share issuance costs	-	(62,858)
Balance as at February 28, 2006	26,420,917	\$ 5,011,697
Issued and fully paid		
Private Placement of Units – Prorated value of common shares	3,500,000	944,714
Exercise of Warrants at \$0.20	522,000	104,400
Huskie Uranium Acquisition	1,225,000	441,000
Fair value of August 2007 warrants issued as finder fees	-	7,259
Share issuance costs	-	(54,953)
Balance as at November 30, 2006	31,667,917	\$ 6,454,117
Issued and fully paid		
Private Placement of Units – Prorated value of common shares	2,000,000	563,537
Fair value of December 2007 warrants issued as finder fees	-	3,500
Share issuance costs	-	(30,547)
Balance as at January 4, 2007	33,667,917	\$ 6,990,607

STIKINE GOLD CORPORATION
Management's Discussion and Analysis
Nine Months Ended November 30, 2006
Dated as of January 4, 2007

In August 2006, the Company closed a \$1,050,000 private placement. A total of 3.5 million flow-through shares and 1.75 million warrants were issued, each warrant entitling the holder to acquire one additional non-flow-through common share until Aug. 22, 2007, at price of 45 cents. Cash finders' fees totalling \$41,712 were paid, and 90,466 warrants were issued in connection with this offering, the warrants having the same terms as those issued to the private placees.

During the first quarter ended May 31, 2006, 1,000,000 warrants previously set to expire on April 20, 2006, were extended until April 20, 2007 and 522,000 of the warrants had the exercise price reduced to \$0.20 per share from \$0.55 per share. The amended warrants contained a "forced exercise" provision, such that if the closing price of the common shares exceeds \$0.25 for a period of 10 trading days, then, after a seven day period, the holders of the amended warrants were given 30 days to exercise their warrants, or the warrants would expire. All 522,000 warrants exercisable at \$0.20 were exercised during the first quarter for gross proceeds of \$104,400 to the Company. 478,000 warrants remain outstanding, exercisable until April 20, 2007 at a price of \$0.55, all held by directors of the Company.

Also during the first quarter, the Company purchased a 100% interest in the Huskie Uranium Property by issuing 1,225,000 common shares to the vendor at a price of \$0.36.

As at November 30, 2006, the following share purchase warrants were outstanding:

	Number	Price per Share	Expiry Date
Warrants	1,750,000	\$ 0.45	August 22, 2007
Warrants	478,000	\$ 0.55	April 20, 2007
Agent Warrants	90,466	\$ 0.45	August 22, 2007

At the date of this report, the following warrants are outstanding (see *Subsequent Events*):

	Number	Price per Share	Expiry Date
Warrants	1,750,000	\$ 0.45	August 22, 2007
Warrants	1,000,000	\$ 0.45	December 29, 2007
Warrants	478,000	\$ 0.55	April 20, 2007
Agent Warrants	112,694	\$ 0.45	December 29, 2007
Agent Warrants	90,466	\$ 0.45	August 22, 2007

In March of 2006, 200,000 options were granted to a consultant providing investor relations services to the Company, exercisable until March 13, 2011 at a price of \$0.20 per common share.

In June of 2006, the Company granted 100,000 incentive stock options to a consultant. The stock options are exercisable at a price of \$0.30 per share for a period of five years.

STIKINE GOLD CORPORATION
Management's Discussion and Analysis
Nine Months Ended November 30, 2006
Dated as of January 4, 2007

A summary of the Company's stock options at November 30, 2006 and at the date of this report is as follows:

Number at February 28, 2006	Granted	Exercised	Cancelled	Expired	Number at November 30, 2006	Exercise Price Per Share	Expiry
630,000	-	-	-	-	630,000	\$0.55	Mar. 4, 2010
585,000	-	-	-	-	585,000	\$0.10 ⁽¹⁾	July 31, 2008
250,000	-	-	-	-	250,000	\$0.10 ⁽¹⁾	July 31, 2008
315,000	-	-	-	-	315,000	\$0.10 ⁽¹⁾	Feb 2, 2009
525,000	-	-	-	-	525,000	\$0.10 ⁽¹⁾	Feb 2, 2009
-	200,000	-	-	-	200,000	\$0.20	Mar 13, 2011
	100,000	-	-	-	100,000	\$0.30	June 1, 2011
2,305,000	300,000	-	-	-	2,605,000		

Note 1: During the prior fiscal year, all outstanding stock options granted prior to March 2005, were repriced from \$0.35 and \$0.25 per share to \$0.10 per share.

Subsequent Event

Subsequent to November 30, 2006, the Company closed a \$600,000 private placement of units. A total of 2 million flow-through shares and 1 million warrants were issued, each warrant entitling the holder to acquire one additional non-flow-through common share until December 29, 2007, at price of 45 cents. Cash finders' fees totalling \$27,047 were paid, and 112,694 warrants were issued in connection with this offering, the warrants having the same terms as those issued to the private placees.